

### TTD4580-45-PI-C

Arris® TTD458045PI Compatible TAA 10GBase-DWDM SFP+ Transceiver (SMF, 1541.35nm, 80km, LC, DOM, -40 to 95C)

#### Features:

- SFF-8431 and SFF-8432 Compliance
- Cooled DWDM EML transmitter with TEC
- Supports 9.95Gb/s to 11.3Gb/s bit rates
- APD Receiver
- LC/UPC Duplex optical connector interface
- Power Consumption < 2.8W, depending on temperature
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Operating Temperature: -40C to +95C
- RoHS-6 Complaint



#### Applications:

- 10x Gigabit Ethernet over DWDM
- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

#### Product Description

This Arris® TTD458045PI compatible SFP+ transceiver provides 10GBase-DWDM throughput up to 80km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1541.35nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Arris® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



### Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

### ITU-T Grid Channel (100GHz Spacing)

| Channel | THz   | nm      | Channel | THz   | nm      |
|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| 17*     | 191.7 | 1563.86 | 40      | 194   | 1545.32 |
| 18      | 191.8 | 1563.05 | 41      | 194.1 | 1544.53 |
| 19      | 191.9 | 1562.23 | 42      | 194.2 | 1543.73 |
| 20      | 192.0 | 1561.42 | 43      | 194.3 | 1542.94 |
| 21      | 192.1 | 1560.61 | 44      | 194.4 | 1542.14 |
| 22      | 192.2 | 1559.79 | 45      | 194.5 | 1541.35 |
| 23      | 192.3 | 1558.98 | 46      | 194.6 | 1540.56 |
| 24      | 192.4 | 1558.17 | 47      | 194.7 | 1539.77 |
| 25      | 192.5 | 1557.36 | 48      | 194.8 | 1538.98 |
| 26      | 192.6 | 1556.55 | 49      | 194.9 | 1538.19 |
| 27      | 192.7 | 1555.75 | 50      | 195.0 | 1537.40 |
| 28      | 192.8 | 1554.94 | 51      | 195.1 | 1536.61 |
| 29      | 192.9 | 1554.13 | 52      | 195.2 | 1535.82 |
| 30      | 193.0 | 1553.33 | 53      | 195.3 | 1535.04 |
| 31      | 193.1 | 1552.52 | 54      | 195.4 | 1534.25 |
| 32      | 193.2 | 1551.72 | 55      | 195.5 | 1533.47 |
| 33      | 193.3 | 1550.92 | 56      | 195.6 | 1532.68 |
| 34      | 193.4 | 1550.12 | 57      | 195.7 | 1531.90 |
| 35      | 193.5 | 1549.32 | 58      | 195.8 | 1531.12 |
| 36      | 193.6 | 1548.51 | 59      | 195.9 | 1530.33 |
| 37      | 193.7 | 1547.72 | 60      | 196.0 | 1529.55 |
| 38      | 193.8 | 1546.92 | 61*     | 196.1 | 1528.77 |
| 39      | 193.9 | 1546.12 |         |       |         |

\*This channel is supported with limited availability.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                            | Symbol     | Min. | Typ.    | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------|---------|------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage                 | VccT, VccR | -0.5 |         | 4.0  | V    |       |
| Storage Temperature                  | TS         | -40  |         | 95   | °C   |       |
| Operating Case Temperature           | Tc         | -40  |         | 95   | °C   | 1     |
| Relative Humidity (non-condensation) | RH         | 0    |         | 85   | %    |       |
| Data Rate                            |            |      | 10.3125 |      | Gbps |       |
| Maximum Range                        |            |      |         | 80   | km   |       |

### Notes:

1. With Airflows

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                                   | Symbol     | Min.   | Typ. | Max.       | Unit  | Notes           |
|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------|------|------------|-------|-----------------|
| Module Supply Voltage                       | VccT, VccR | +3.135 | 3.3  | +3.465     | V     |                 |
| Total Power Consumption                     | PC         |        |      | 2.8        | W     | With Airflows   |
| Power Supply Noise Tolerance                | PSNT       |        |      | 66         | mVp-p | 10 Hz to 10 MHz |
| Transmitter differential input voltage      | Vp         |        | 2.5  |            | V     |                 |
| Low Speed Signal Electrical Characteristics |            |        |      |            |       |                 |
| Tx_Fault, Rx_LOS                            | VOL        | -0.3   |      | 0.4        | V     | At 0.7mA        |
|                                             | IOH        | -50    |      | 37.5       | μA    | 1               |
| Tx_Disable, RS0, RS1                        | VIL        | -0.3   |      | 0.8        | V     | 2               |
|                                             | VIH        | 2.0    |      | VccT + 0.3 | V     | 2               |

### Notes:

1. Measured with a 4.7kΩ load pull up to Vcc\_Host
2. Tx Disable has an internal 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ pull up to VccT

## High Speed Signal Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                                                | Symbol                          | Min. | Typ. | Max.   | Unit  | Notes           |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|------|--------|-------|-----------------|
| Module Transmitter Input Electrical Specifications at B' |                                 |      |      |        |       |                 |
| Tx Input Differential Voltage                            | V <sub>I</sub>                  | 190  |      | 700    | mV    | 1               |
| Differential Input Resistance                            | R <sub>I</sub>                  | 95   | 100  | 105    | ohm   |                 |
| Differential Input S-parameter (Note 2)                  | SDD11                           |      |      | Note 3 | dB    | 0.01to 4.1 GHz  |
|                                                          |                                 |      |      | Note 4 | dB    | 4.1 to 11.1 GHz |
| Reflected Differential to Common Mode Conversion         | SCD11                           |      |      | -10    | dB    | 0.01 to 11.1GHz |
| Module Receiver Output Electrical Specifications at C'   |                                 |      |      |        |       |                 |
| Rx Output Differential Voltage                           | V <sub>O</sub>                  | 300  |      | 850    | mV    | 1               |
| Termination Mismatch at 1 MHz                            | ΔZM                             |      |      | 5      | %     |                 |
| Single Ended Output Voltage Tolerance                    |                                 | -0.3 |      | 4.0    | V     |                 |
| Output AC Common Mode Voltage                            |                                 |      |      | 7.5    | mV    | RMS, 5          |
| Differential Output S-parameter                          | SDD22                           |      |      | Note 6 | dB    | 0.01 to 4.1 GHz |
|                                                          |                                 |      |      | Note 7 | dB    | 4.1 to 11.1 GHz |
| Common Mode Output Reflection Coefficient                | SCC22                           |      |      | Note 8 | dB    | 0.01 to 2.5 GHz |
|                                                          |                                 |      |      | -3     | dB    | 2.5 to 11.1 GHz |
| Rx Output Rise and Fall Time                             | t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub> | 28   |      |        | ps    | 20% to 80%      |
| Rx Output Total Jitter                                   | T <sub>J</sub>                  |      |      | 0.70   | Ulp-p |                 |
| Rx Output Deterministic Jitter                           | D <sub>J</sub>                  |      |      | 0.42   | Ulp-p |                 |

### Notes:

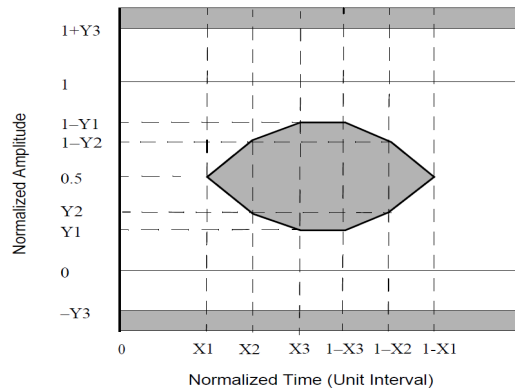
1. Voltage swing for 1G operation is equivalent to voltage swing in 10G operation (SFF-8431 Rev 3.0).
2. Measured at B'' with Host Compliance Board and Module Compliance Board pair.
3. Reflection Coefficient given by equation  $SDD11 (dB) < -12 + 2 \times \sqrt{f}$ , with f in GHz.
4. Reflection Coefficient given by equation  $SDD11 (dB) < -6.3 + 13 \times \log_{10}(f/5.5)$ , with f in GHz.
5. The RMS value is measured by calculating the standard deviation of the histogram for one UI of the common mode signal.
6. Reflection Coefficient given by equation  $SDD22 (dB) < -12 + 2 \times \sqrt{f}$ , with f in GHz.
7. Reflection Coefficient given by equation  $SDD22 (dB) < -6.3 + 13 \times \log_{10}(f/5.5)$ , with f in GHz.
8. Reflection Coefficient given by equation  $SCC22 (dB) < -7 + 1.6 \times f$ , with f in GHz.

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                          | Symbol                        | Min.                        | Typ. | Max.              | Unit  | Notes                                 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| Transmitter                        |                               |                             |      |                   |       |                                       |
| Peak Wavelength                    | $\lambda_p$                   | ITU-T 694.1 Grid Wavelength |      |                   | nm    |                                       |
| Center wavelength spacing          |                               | 100                         |      |                   | GHz   |                                       |
| Spectral Width@-20dB               | $\Delta\lambda$ -20dB         |                             |      | 0.30              | nm    | At -20dB                              |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio        | SMSR                          | 30.0                        |      |                   | dB    |                                       |
| Average Optical Power              | Pave                          | 0                           |      | +5.0              | dBm   |                                       |
| Extinction Ratio                   | ER                            | 8.2                         |      |                   | dB    | @10.3Gb/s,<br>PRBS 2 <sup>31</sup> -1 |
| Transmitter and dispersion penalty | DP                            |                             |      | 3.5               | dB    |                                       |
| Laser Off Power                    | Poff                          |                             |      | -30.0             | dBm   |                                       |
| Relative intensity noise           | RIN12OMA                      |                             |      | -128.0            | dB/Hz |                                       |
| Wavelength Stability after Startup |                               | $\lambda_p - 100$           |      | $\lambda_p + 100$ | pm    |                                       |
| Transmitter Output Eye Mask        | IEEE 802.3-2012 Clause 52.9.7 |                             |      |                   |       | 3                                     |
| Receiver                           |                               |                             |      |                   |       |                                       |
| Operating Wavelength               | $\lambda_o$                   | 1260                        |      | 1600              | nm    |                                       |
| Receiver sensitivity (Average)     | S                             |                             |      | -23.0             | dBm   | 1                                     |
| Receiver Power (Pave) Overload     | OL                            | -6.0                        |      |                   | dBm   | 1                                     |
| Sensitivity (OMA)                  | SOMA                          |                             |      | -21.9             | dBm   | 1                                     |
| Receiver Reflectance               | RR                            |                             |      | -27.0             | dB    | @ $\lambda_o$                         |
| Loss of signal-Asserted            | LOSA                          | -37.0                       |      |                   | dBm   | 2                                     |
| Loss of signal-De-asserted         | LOSD                          |                             |      | -24.0             | dBm   | 2                                     |
| Loss of signal Hysteresis          | LOSD-A                        | 0.5                         | 2.5  | 5.0               | dB    |                                       |

### Notes:

1. Measured with at 10.3125Gb/s, Source ER>8.2dB, PRBS 231-1, BER<1x10<sup>-12</sup>
2. Loss of Signal (LOS) detection responds only to OMA and the indicator will respond unpredictably with the application of un-modulated optical.
3. Transmitter Optical Eye Mask Definition



a) SFP+ module compliance points are defined as the following, SFF8431/Chapter3.3.2/Figure14:

- B': SFP+ module transmitter input at the input of the Module Compliance Board.
- C': SFP+ module receiver output at the output of the Module Compliance Board.

#### Low Speed Signals Timing Specifications

| Parameter                                    | Symbol      | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes          |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------|------|------|------|----------------|
| Tx Disable assert time                       | t_off       |      | 100  | μs   | 1              |
| Tx Disable negate time                       | t_on        |      | 2    | ms   | 2              |
| Time to initialize. Cold and warm start time | t_start_up  |      | 90   | s    | 3, Cooled type |
| Rx LOS assert delay                          | t_los_on    |      | 100  | μs   | 4              |
| Rx LOS negate delay                          | t_los_off   |      | 100  | μs   | 5              |
| Tx Fault Assert                              | Tx_fault_on |      | 1    | ms   | 6              |
| Tx Fault Reset                               | t_reset     | 10   |      | μs   | 7              |

#### Notes:

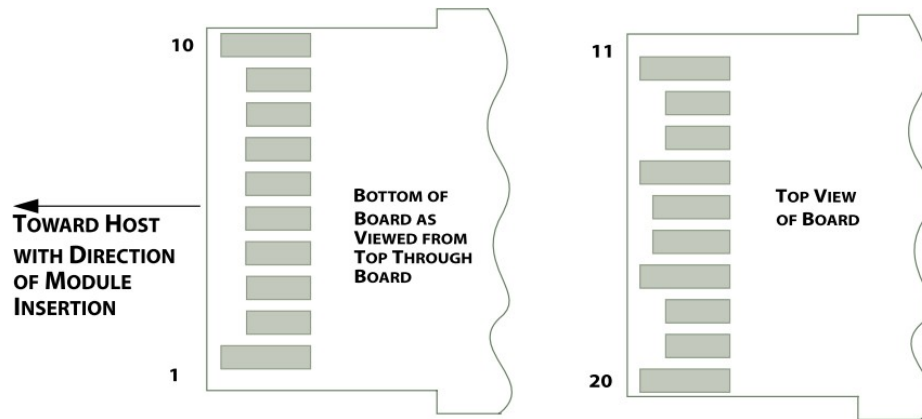
1. Rising edge of Tx\_Disable to fall of output signal below 10% of nominal
2. Falling edge of Tx\_Disable to rise of output signal above 90% of nominal. This only applies in normal operation, not during start up or fault recovery
3. Time from power on or falling edge of Tx\_Disable to when the modulated optical output rises above 90% of nominal and the Two-Wire interface is available
4. From occurrence of loss of signal to assertion of Rx\_LOS
5. From occurrence of presence of signal to negation of Rx\_LOS
6. From occurrence of fault to assertion of Tx\_Fault
7. Time Tx\_Disable must be held high to reset Tx\_Fault

## Pin Descriptions

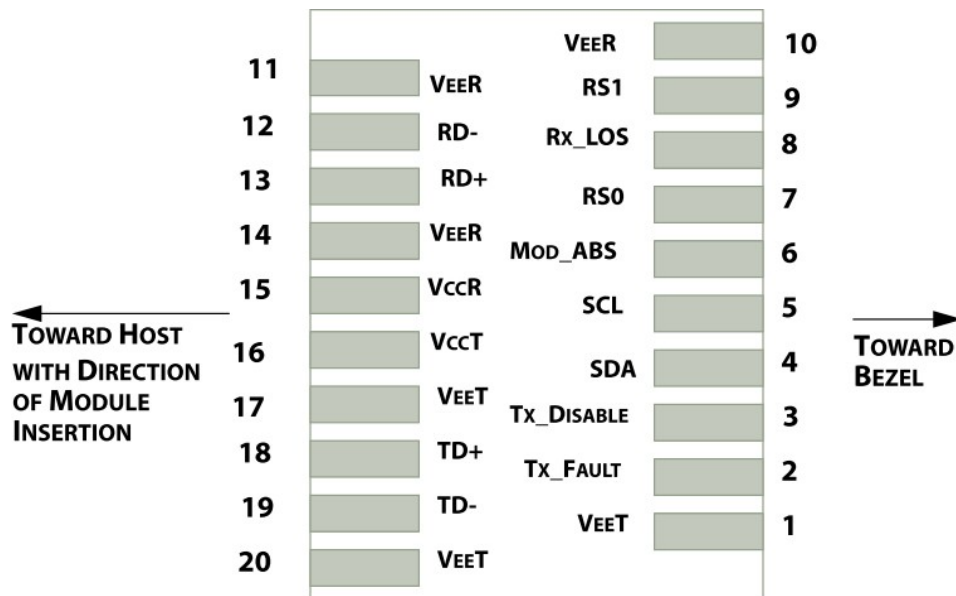
| Pin | Symbol     | Descriptions                                                                       | Sequence        | Notes |
|-----|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| 1   | VeeT       | Transmitter Signal Ground                                                          | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |
| 2   | Tx_Fault   | Transmitter Fault (LV TTL-O) – High indicates a fault condition                    | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 1     |
| 3   | Tx_Disable | Transmitter Disable (LV TTL-I) – High or open disables the transmitter             | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 2     |
| 4   | SDA        | Two Wire Serial Interface Data Line (LVCMOS – I/O) (same as MOD-DEF2 in INF-8074)  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 3     |
| 5   | SCL        | Two Wire Serial Interface Clock Line (LVCMOS – I/O) (same as MOD-DEF1 in INF-8074) | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 3     |
| 6   | MOD-ABS    | Module Absent, (controlled by module)                                              | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 4     |
| 7   | RS0        | Receiver Rate Select 0 - not used (Internally pull-down, 51kohm)                   | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 8   | RX_LOS     | Receiver Loss of Signal Indication (LV TTL-O)                                      | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 1     |
| 9   | RS1        | Transmitter Rate Select 1 - not used (Internally pull-down, 51kohm)                | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 10  | VeeR       | Receiver Signal Ground                                                             | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |
| 11  | VeeR       | Receiver Signal Ground                                                             | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |
| 12  | RD-        | Receiver Data Output, Inverted (CML-O)                                             | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 13  | RD+        | Receiver Data Output, Non-Inverted (CML-O)                                         | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 14  | VeeR       | Receiver Signal Ground                                                             | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |
| 15  | VccR       | Receiver Power + 3.3 V                                                             | 2 <sup>nd</sup> |       |
| 16  | VccT       | Transmitter Power + 3.3 V                                                          | 2 <sup>nd</sup> |       |
| 17  | VeeT       | Transmitter Signal Ground                                                          | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |
| 18  | TD+        | Transmitter Data Input, Non-Inverted Data (CML-I)                                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 19  | TD-        | Transmitter Data Input, Inverted (CML-I)                                           | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |       |
| 20  | VeeT       | Transmitter Signal Ground                                                          | 1 <sup>st</sup> |       |

### Notes:

1. This is an open drain output that on the host board requires a 4.7k $\Omega$  to 10k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to Vcc\_Host.
2. This input is internally biased high with a 4.7k $\Omega$  to 10k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to VccT.
3. Two-Wire Serial interface clock and data lines require an external pull-up resistor dependent on the capacitance load.
4. They must be pulled up with a 4.7k $\Omega$  to 10 k $\Omega$  resistor on the host board. MOD-ABS is grounded by the module to indicate the module is present.

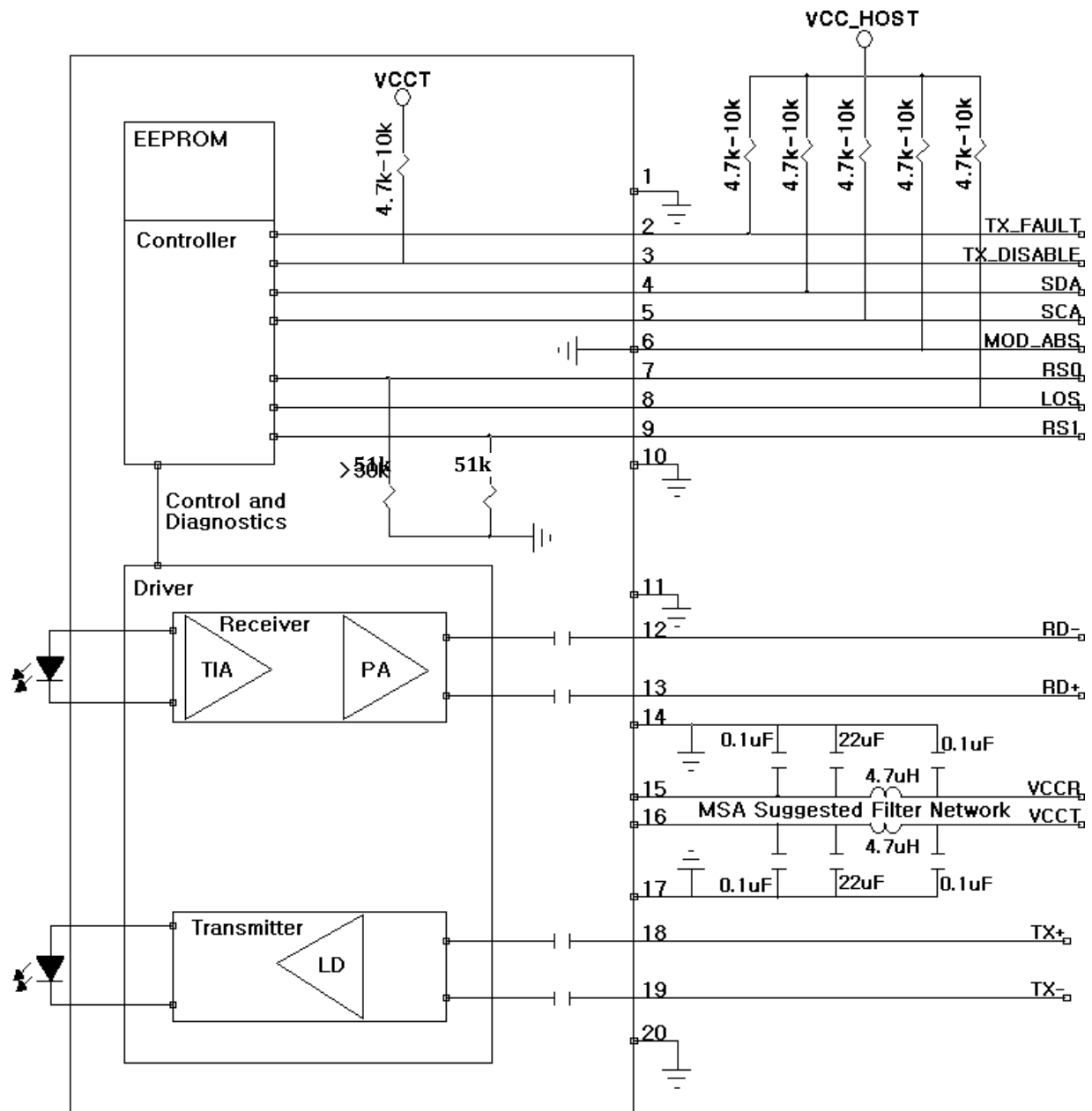


SFP+ Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



20-pin Host PCB SFP+ pad assignment top view

### Recommended Application Schematic



**Notes:**

1. Tx\_Disable: Transmitter Disable, logic high, open drain compatible, 4.7k to 10kohm pull up to Vcc on module.
2. Tx\_Fault: Transmitter Fault, logic high, open drain compatible, 4.7k to 10kohm pull up to Vcc on Host.
3. Rx\_LOS: Receiver Loss of Signal, logic high, open drain compatible, 4.7k to 10kohm pull up to Vcc on Host.

## 2-Wire Interface Electrical Specifications

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Min.     | Max.     | Unit | Notes                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Host 2-Wire Vcc                           | Vcch   | 3.14     | 3.46     | V    | 1                                                     |
| SCL and SDA                               | VOL    | 0.0      | 0.8      | V    | Rp pulled to VccT/R, 2                                |
|                                           | VOH    | Vcch-0.5 | Vcch+0.3 | V    |                                                       |
| SCL and SDA                               | VIL    | -0.3     | VccT*0.3 | V    | 3                                                     |
|                                           | VIH    | VccT*0.7 | VccT+0.5 | V    |                                                       |
| Input Current on the SCL and SDA Contacts | II     | -10      | 10       | μA   |                                                       |
| Capacitance on SCL and SDA contacts       | Ci     |          | 14       | pF   | 4                                                     |
| Total bus capacitance for SCL and SDA     | Cb[5]  |          | 100      | pF   | At 400kHz, 3.0kΩ Rp, max<br>At 100kHz, 8.0kΩ Rp, max  |
|                                           |        |          | 290      | pF   | At 400kHz, 1.1kΩ Rp, max<br>At 100kHz, 2.75kΩ Rp, max |

### Notes:

1. The Host 2-wire Vcc is the voltage used for resistive pull ups for the 2 wire interface
2. Rp is the pull up resistor. Active bus termination may be used by the host in place of a pull up resistor. Pull ups can be connected to any one of several power supplies, however the host board design shall ensure that no module contact has voltage exceeding module VccT/R + 0.5 V nor requires the module to sink more than 3.0mA current.
3. These voltages are measured on the other side of the connector to the device under test.
4. Ci is the capacitance looking into the module SCL and SDA contacts.
5. Cb is the total bus capacitance on the SCL or SDA bus.

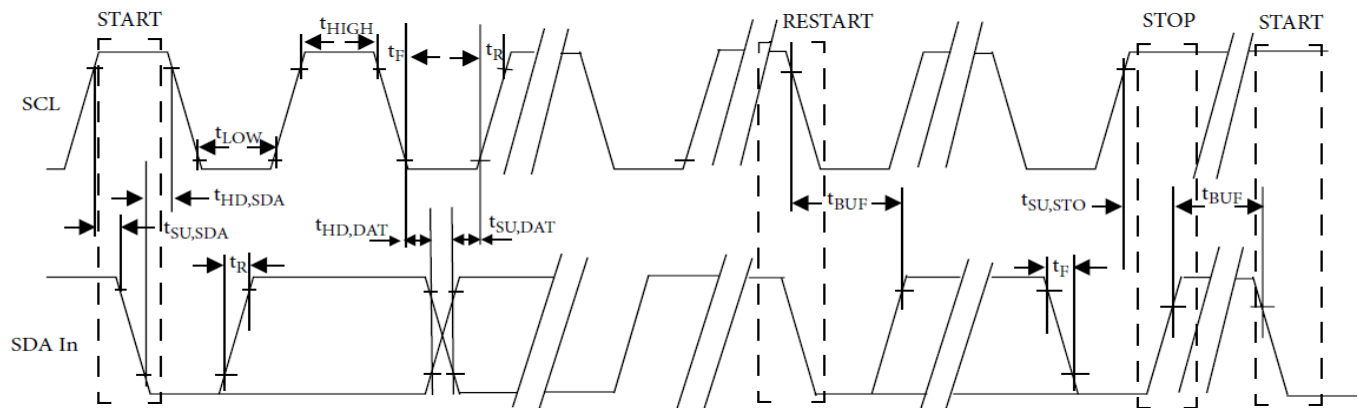
## 2-Wire Timing Specifications

| Parameter                                         | Symbol                  | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Clock Frequency                                   | f <sub>SCL</sub>        | 0    | 400  | kHz  | 1     |
| Clock Pulse Width Low                             | t <sub>LOW</sub>        | 1.3  |      | μs   |       |
| Clock Pulse Width High                            | t <sub>HIGH</sub>       | 0.6  |      | μs   |       |
| Stop to Start Time                                | t <sub>BUF</sub>        | 20   |      | μs   | 2     |
| Start Hold Time                                   | t <sub>HD,STA</sub>     | 0.6  |      | μs   |       |
| Start Set-up Time                                 | t <sub>SU,STA</sub>     | 0.6  |      | μs   |       |
| Data In Hold Time                                 | t <sub>HD,DAT</sub>     | 0    |      | μs   |       |
| Data In Set-up Time                               | t <sub>SU,DAT</sub>     | 0.1  |      | μs   |       |
| Input Rise Time (100kHz)                          | t <sub>R,100</sub>      |      | 1000 | ns   | 3     |
| Input Rise Time (400kHz)                          | t <sub>R,400</sub>      |      | 300  | ns   | 3     |
| Input Fall Time (100kHz)                          | t <sub>F,100</sub>      |      | 300  | ns   | 4     |
| Input Fall Time (400kHz)                          | t <sub>F,400</sub>      |      | 300  | ns   | 4     |
| Stop Set-up Time                                  | t <sub>SU,STO</sub>     | 0.6  |      | μs   |       |
| Serial Interface Clock Holdoff "Clock Stretching" | t <sub>clock_hold</sub> |      | 500  | μs   | 5     |

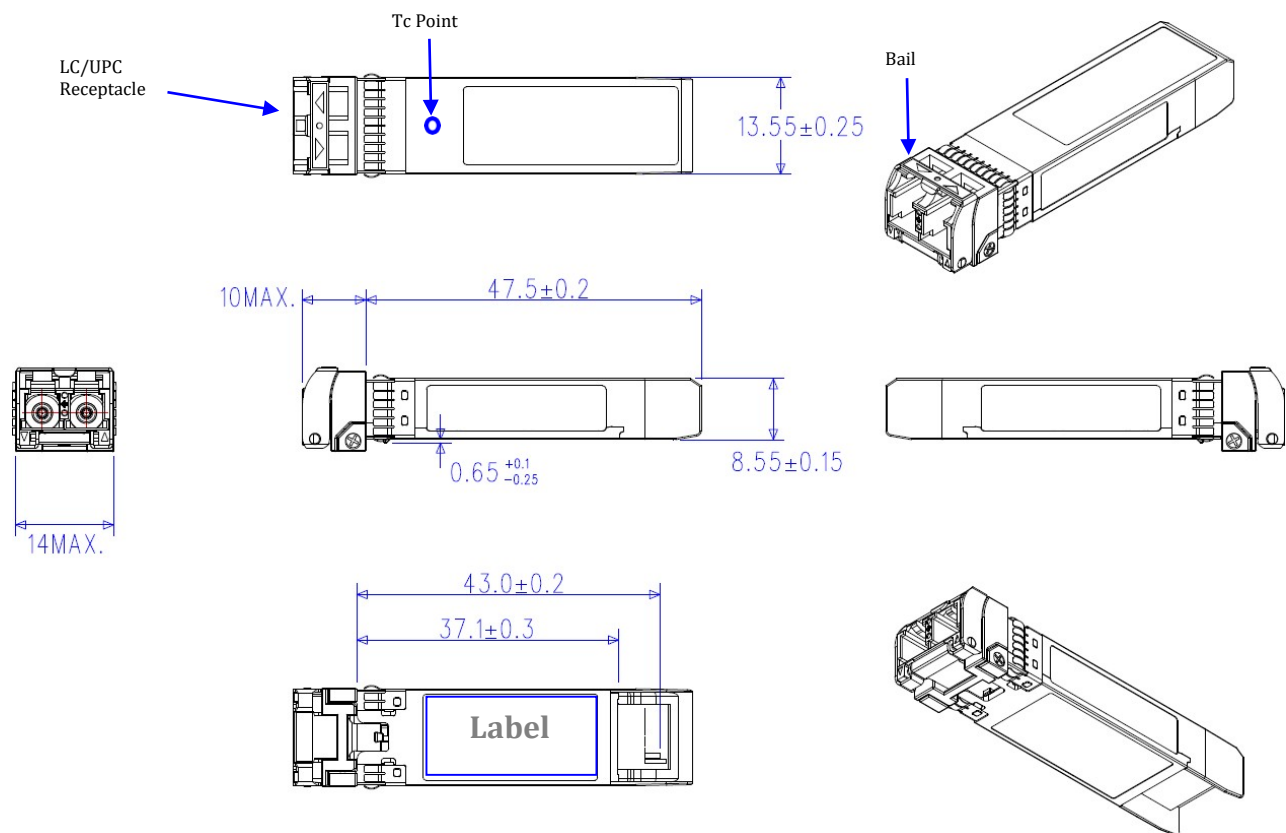
### Notes:

1. Module shall operate with f<sub>SCL</sub> up to 100 kHz without requiring clock stretching. The module may clock stretch with f<sub>SCL</sub> greater than 100 kHz and up to 400 kHz.
2. Between STOP and START and between ACK and Re-START.
3. From (V<sub>IL</sub>,MAX - 0.15) to (V<sub>IH</sub>,MIN + 0.15)
4. From (V<sub>IH</sub>,MIN + 0.15) to (V<sub>IL</sub>,MAX - 0.15)
5. Maximum time the module may hold the SCL line low before continuing with a read or write operation.

## 2-Wire Bus Timing Diagram



# Mechanical Specifications



## **About ProLabs**

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## **Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions**

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

## **Trusted Partner**

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.

## **Contact Information**

ProLabs US

Email: [sales@prolabs.com](mailto:sales@prolabs.com)

Telephone: 952-852-0252

ProLabs UK

Email: [salessupport@prolabs.com](mailto:salessupport@prolabs.com)

Telephone: +44 1285 719 600