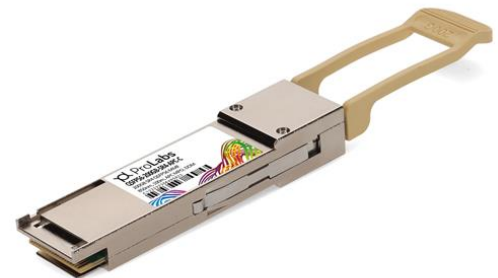


## QSFP56-200GB-SR4-APC-C

MSA and TAA Compliant 200GBase-SR4 QSFP56 Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, APC MPO, DOM)

### Features:

- Excellent ESD Protection
- Supports SFF-8636 Management Interface
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Multi-mode Fiber
- MPO-12 APC Connector
- 3.3V Power Supply
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable QSFP56 Form Factor
- 4 channels 850nm VCSEL array
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



### Applications:

- 200GBase Ethernet

### Product Description

This Industry Standard QSFP56 transceiver provides 200GBase-SR4 throughput up to 100m over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an AMPO-12 connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Industry Standard transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S.-made or designated country end products.")



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                  | Symbol           | Min. | Typ. | Max.   | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage     | V <sub>cc</sub>  | 0    |      | 3.63   | V    |       |
| Storage Temperature        | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40  |      | 85     | °C   |       |
| Relative Humidity          | RH               | 5    |      | 85     | %    | 1     |
| Operating Case Temperature | T <sub>c</sub>   | 0    |      | 70     | °C   |       |
| Bit Error Ratio            | BER              |      |      | 2.4E-4 |      | 2     |

### Notes:

1. Non-condensing.
2. The typical BER is better than 1E-6 when measured with a transmitter to produce SECQ up to 3dB.

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter   | Symbol              | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit | Notes |
|---|---------------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Module Supply Voltage                               | V <sub>cc</sub>     | 3.135 | 3.3  | 3.465 | V    |       |
| Module Supply Current                               | I <sub>cc</sub>     |       |      | 1600  | mA   |       |
| Module Power Dissipation                            | P <sub>D</sub>      |       |      | 5     | W    |       |
| Transmitter   |                     |       |      |       |      |       |
| Differential Data Input Voltage Peak-to-Peak Swing  | V <sub>IN,pp</sub>  |       |      | 900   | mV   |       |
| Receiver  |                     |       |      |       |      |       |
| Differential Data Output Voltage Peak-to-Peak Swing | V <sub>OUT,pp</sub> |       |      | 900   | mV   |       |

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter  | Symbol          | Min. | Typ.  | Max.                   | Unit  | Notes |
|--|-----------------|------|---|------------------------|-------|-------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>   |                 |      |   |                        |       |       |
| Signaling Rate Per Lane  | Rate            |      | 26.5625   |                        | GBd   |       |
| Modulation Format  | MF              |      | PAM4  |                        |       |       |
| Signaling Speed Accuracy   | SSA             | -100 |   | 100                    | ppm   |       |
| Center Wavelength  | $\lambda$       |      | 850   |                        | nm    |       |
| RMS Spectral Width   | $\Delta\lambda$ |      |   | 0.6                    | nm    |       |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance                                    | ORLT            |      |   | 12                     | dB    |       |
| Average Optical Power  | Pavg            | -6.5 |   | +4                     | dBm   |       |
| Extinction Ratio   | ER              | 3    |   |                        | dB    |       |
| Optical Modulation Amplitude Per Lane                            | OMA             | -4.5 |   | +3                     | dBm   |       |
| Launch Power in OMA Outer Minus TDECQ Per Lane                   |                 | -5.9 |   |                        | dBm   |       |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane | TDECQ           |      |   | 4.5                    | dB    |       |
| TDECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Ceq})$ Per Lane                |                 |      |   | 4.5                    | dB    |       |
| Relative Intensity Noise   | RIN             |      |   | -128                   | dB/Hz |       |
| Transmitter Transition Time Per Lane                             |                 |      |   | 34                     | ps    |       |
| Laser Off Power  |                 |      |   | -30                    | dBm   |       |
| Encircled Flux   | EF              |      | $\geq 86\%$ at $19\mu\text{m}$<br>$\leq 30\%$ at $4.5\mu\text{m}$ |                        |       |       |
| <b>Receiver</b>  |                 |      |   |                        |       |       |
| Signaling Rate Per Lane  | Rate            |      | 26.5625   |                        | GBd   |       |
| Modulation Format  | MF              |      | PAM4  |                        |       |       |
| Signaling Speed Accuracy   | SSA             | -100 |   | +100                   | ppm   |       |
| Center Wavelength  | $\lambda$       |      | 850   |                        | nm    |       |
| Average Receive Power Per Lane                                   | Pavg            | -8.4 |   | +4                     | dBm   |       |
| Receive Power Per Lane OMA                                       | Po              |      |   | 3                      | dBm   |       |
| Receiver Reflectance   | RL              |      |   | -12                    | dB    |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity OMA Per Lane                                | S               |      |   | Max = (-6.5, SECQ-7.9) | dBm   | 1     |
| Damage Threshold   | THd             | 5    |   |                        | dBm   |       |

### Notes:

1. Receiver sensitivity is informative and defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.5dB.

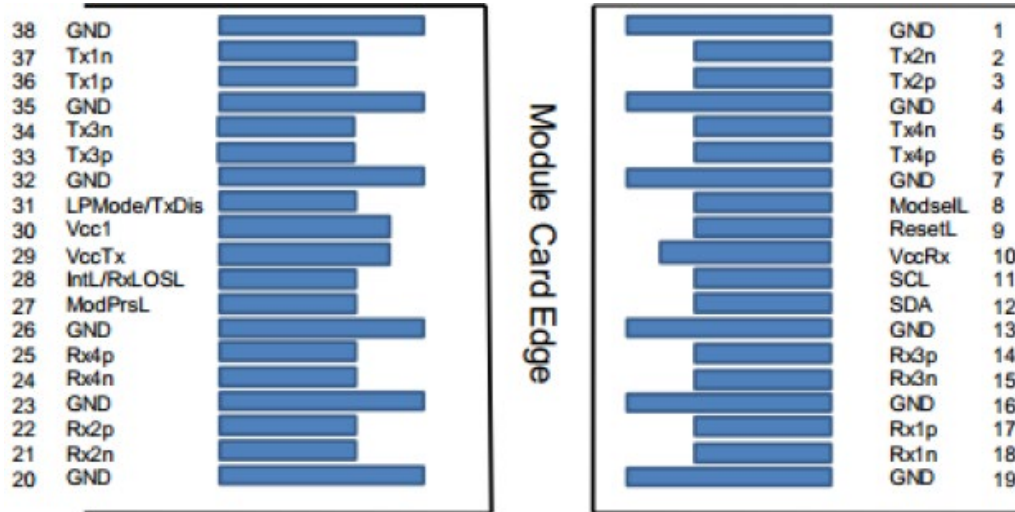
## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol       | Description   | Notes |
|-----|--------------|---|-------|
| 1   | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 2   | Tx2-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 3   | Tx2+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 4   | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 5   | Tx4-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 6   | Tx4+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 7   | GND          | Ground.   |       |
| 8   | ModSelL      | Module Select.  |       |
| 9   | ResetL       | Module Reset.   |       |
| 10  | VccRx        | +3.3V Power Supply Receiver.  | 2     |
| 11  | SCL          | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.  |       |
| 12  | SDA          | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data.   |       |
| 13  | GND          | Ground.   |       |
| 14  | Rx3+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 15  | Rx3-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 16  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 17  | Rx1+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 18  | Rx1-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.  | 1     |
| 19  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 20  | GND          | Ground.   |       |
| 21  | Rx2-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 22  | Rx2+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 23  | GND          | Ground.   |       |
| 24  | Rx4-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 25  | Rx4+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.  |       |
| 26  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 27  | ModPrsL      | Module Present.   |       |
| 28  | IntL/RxLOSL  | Interrupt. Optionally configurable as RxLOSL via the management interface (SFF-8636).     |       |
| 29  | VccTx        | +3.3V Power Supply Transmitter.   | 2     |
| 30  | Vcc1         | +3.3V Power Supply.   | 2     |
| 31  | LPMode/TxDis | Low-Power Mode. Optionally configurable as TxDis via the management interface (SFF-8636). |       |
| 32  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 33  | Tx3+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 34  | Tx3-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 35  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |
| 36  | Tx1+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 37  | Tx1-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.  |       |
| 38  | GND          | Ground.   | 1     |

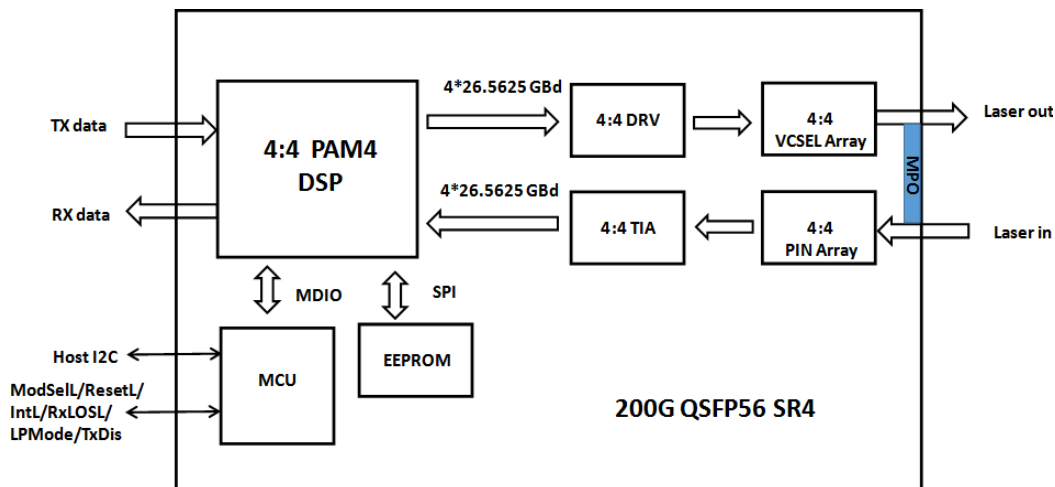
## Notes:

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.
2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and may be internally connected within the module in any combination.

## Pin-Out Definitions



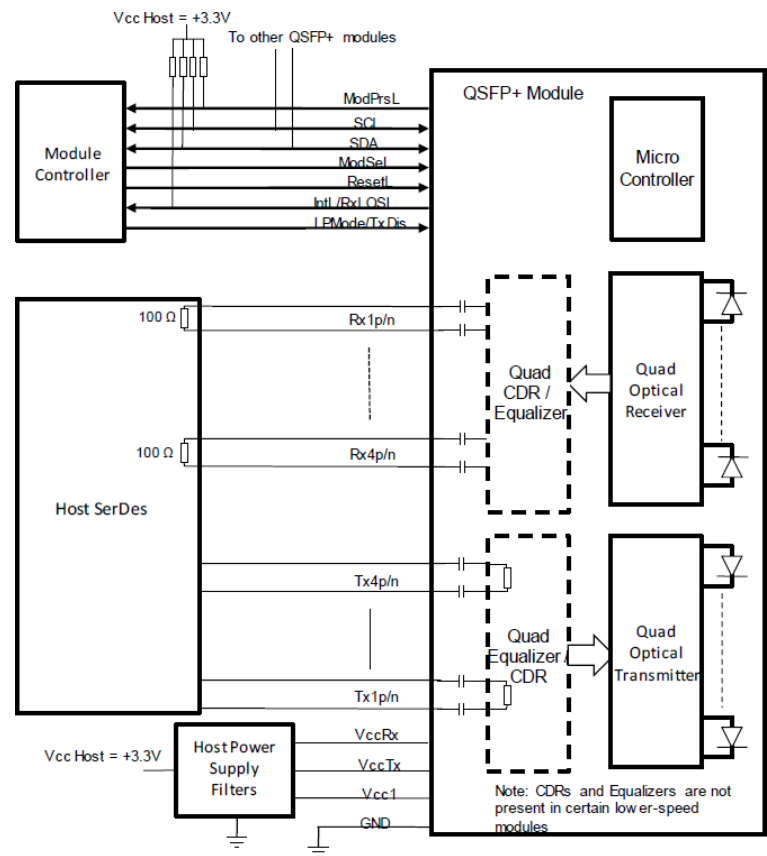
## Block Diagram of Transceiver



**Transmitter Section:** This module converts 4-channel 53.125Gbps electrical data to 4-channel 850nm 53.125Gbps optical signals for 212Gbps optical transmission.

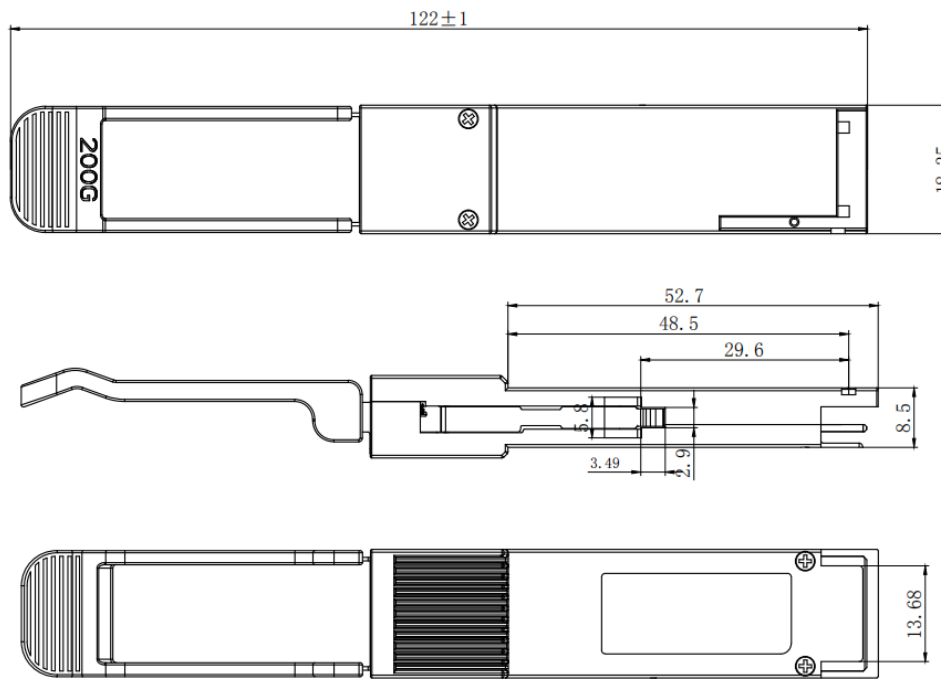
**Receiver Section:** Similarly, this module optically converts 4-channel 850nm 53.125Gbps optical signals to 4-channel electrical data output on the receiver side.

Recommended Interface Circuit



Mechanical Specifications

Unit is millimeter. All dimensions are ±0.1mm unless otherwise specified.



## About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

## Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.



## Contact Information

ProLabs US

Email: [sales@prolabs.com](mailto:sales@prolabs.com)

Telephone: 952-852-0252

ProLabs UK

Email: [salesupport@prolabs.com](mailto:salesupport@prolabs.com)

Telephone: +44 1285 719 600