

QSFP28-100GB-SR2-MX-C

Mellanox® Compatible TAA 100GBase-SR2 QSFP28 Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, MPO, DOM)

Features:

- Supports 106.25Gbps
- MPO12 PC/APC Connector
- PIN and TIA array on the Receiver Side
- Compliant to SFF-8665 MSA
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Up to 100m Transmission on MMF OM4
- Up to 70m Transmission on MMF OM3
- VCSEL Transmitter
- Class 1 Laser
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications:

• 100GBase Ethernet

Product Description

This Mellanox® QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-SR2 throughput up to 100m over OM4 multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Mellanox® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply	Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Storage Temperat	ure	T _{Stg}	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%	
Operating Case Temperature		Тс	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Total Current					1212	mA	
AC Coupling Internal Capacitor				0.1		μV	
Modulation Forma	Modulation Format			PAM4			
Fiber Length	OM3				70	m	
	OM4				100	m	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Module Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Noise				25	mVp-p	1
Receiver Differential Data Output Load			100		Ω	
Power Consumption				4	W	

Notes:

1. Power Supply Noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply.

High-Speed Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
@TP1 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance	TP1a	900			mV	1
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-5)			dB	2
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-6)			dB	2
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range	TP1a	-0.4		3.3	V	
DC Common-Mode Output Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
Module Stressed Input Test	TP1a					4
Eye Width			0.46		UI	
Eye Height			95		mV	
Applied Pk-Pk Sinusoidal Jitter			Table 88-13			4
@TP4 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage	TP4			900	mV	
Eye Width	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height (Differential)	TP4	228			mV	
Vertical Eye Closure	TP4			5.5	dB	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-2)				5
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-3)				5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Transition Time (20-80%)	TP4			12	ps	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP4	-350		2850	mV	2

Notes:

- 1. Equation (83E-5) and Equation (83E-6) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 2. DC common-mode voltage is generated by the host. Specification includes the effects of ground offset voltage.
- 3. Meets BER specified in 120E.1.1 of IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 4. Table 88-13 refers to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 5. Equation (83E-2) and Equation (83E-3) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.

Optical Characteristics

@TP2 Test Point Signaling Rate Per Lane DR 26.5625 ± 100ppm GBd Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm RMS Spectral Width Δλrms 0.6 nm Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg -6.5 4 dBm Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane POMA -4.5 3 dBm Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ 4.5 dB TDECQ-10log10 (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log10 (Ceq) 4.5 dB Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 dBm Extinction Ratio Per Lane ER 3 dB	1 2 3
Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm RMS Spectral Width Δλrms 0.6 nm Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg -6.5 4 dBm Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane POMA -4.5 3 dBm Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ 4.5 dB TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) 4.5 dB Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 dBm	2
RMS Spectral Width Δλrms 0.6 nm Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg -6.5 4 dBm Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane POMA -4.5 3 dBm Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane Poff -30 dBm Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Poff -30 dBm	2
Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg Poma -6.5 Aban Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 Aban Ab	2
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm 4.5 dB (Ceq) -30 dBm	
(OMAouter) Per Lane Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Poff Per Lane DMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Poff -30 dBm	3
for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane 4.5 dB Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 dBm	3
Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane (Ceq) -30 dBm	3
Per Lane	
Extinction Ratio Per Lane ER 3 dB	
$RIN_{12}OMA$ $RIN_{12}OMA$ -128 dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB	
Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	4
@TP3 Test Point	
Signaling Rate Per Lane DR 26.5625 ± 100ppm GBd	
Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm	
Damage Threshold 5 dBm	5
Average Receiver Power Per Lane -8.4 4 dBm	6
Receiver Power Per Lane (OMAouter) 3 dBm	
Receiver Reflectance -12 dB	
Stressed Receiver (OMAouter) Per Lane -3.4 dB	7
LOS Assert LOSA -17 dBm	
LOS De-Assert LOSD -11 dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane Max. (-6.5, SECQ-7.9)	8
Conditions of Stressed Receiver Sensitivity Test	
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 4.5 dB (SECQ) Per Lane Under Test	9
SECQ-10log10(Ceq) Per Lane Under Test 4.5 dB	9, 3
OMAouter of Each Aggressor Lane 3 dBm	9, 10

Notes:

- 1. RMS spectral width is the standard deviation of the spectrum.
- 2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB, the OMAouter (minimum) must exceed this value.
- 3. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

- 4. If measured into type A1a.2 or type A1a.3, or A1a.4, 50µm fiber, in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
- 5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 6. Average receive power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 138.8.10) for the BER specified in 138.1.1.
- 8. Receiver sensitivity is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.5dB with BER<2.4x 10^{-4} without FEC in PRBS 2^{31} -1.
- 9. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.
- 10. Ceg is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

Pin Descriptions

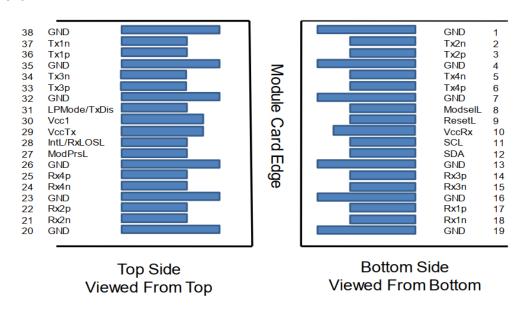
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
4		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
7		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply.	2	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	
13		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
16		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
19		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
20		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	

23		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
26		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt.	3	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.	2	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low-Power Mode.	3	
32		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
35		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
38		GND	Module Ground.	1	1

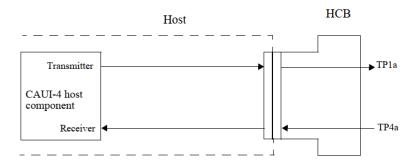
Notes:

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- 2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and maybe internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

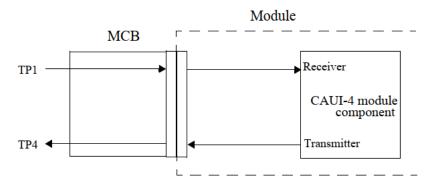
Pin-Out Definitions



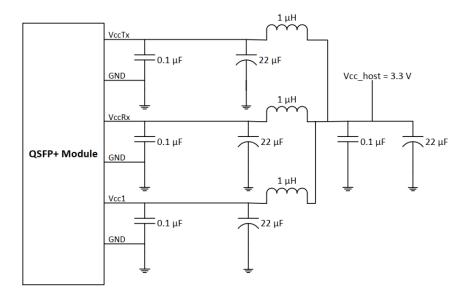
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1a, TP4a



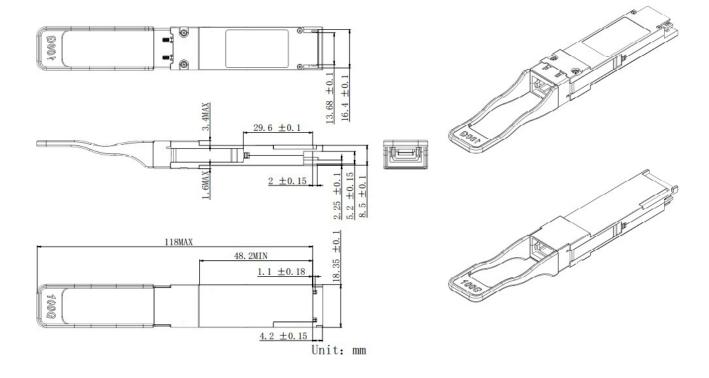
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1, TP4



Host Board Power Supply Filter



Mechanical Specifications



About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.















Contact Information

ProLabs US

Email: sales@prolabs.com Telephone: 952-852-0252

ProLabs UK

Email: salessupport@prolabs.com Telephone: +44 1285 719 600